

# **Software Components with Fractal: Reflective Software Architecture and Runtime Reconfiguration**

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## [Take-away] Fractal provides you with

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- Automated dependency injection (no setter, constructor)
- Safe assembly
- Safe reconfiguraton

# Sources

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The fractal component model and its support in java:

<http://www.cs.colostate.edu/saxs/se/FractalComponent.pdf>

Fractal Specification:

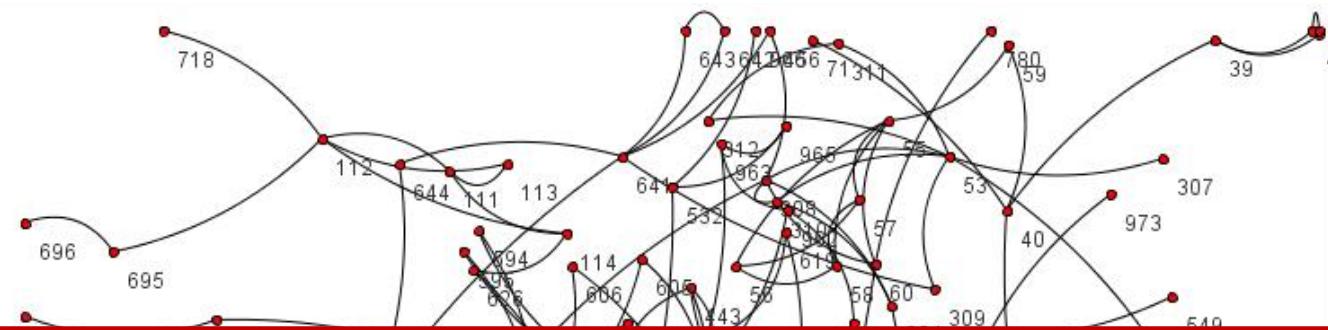
<http://fractal.ow2.org/specification/fractal-specification.pdf>

Fractal API:

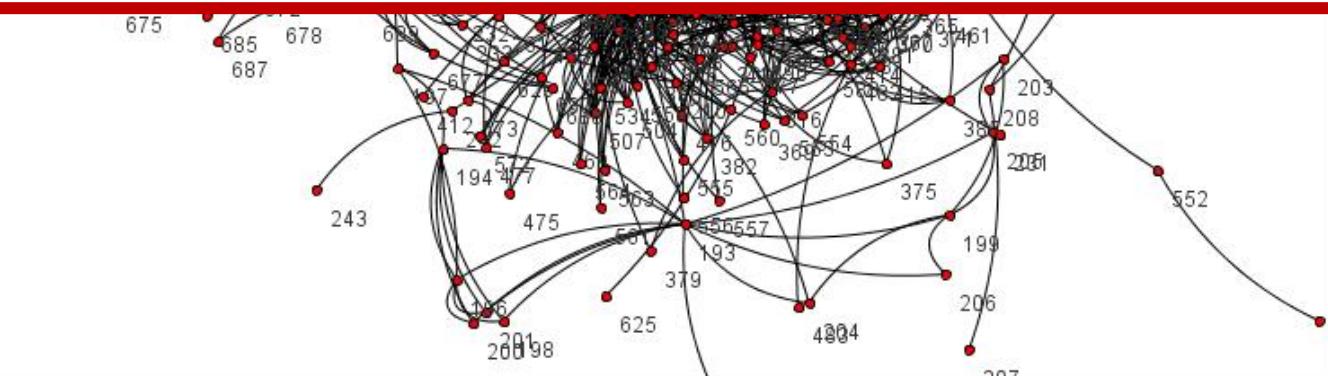
<http://fractal.ow2.org/current/doc/javadoc/fractal/index.html>

Acknowledgments: Thanks a lot to Lionel Seinturier and Eric Bruneton for helping me in preparing the lecture

# Where is the architecture?



**Hidden!**  
**No difference between short-lived objects and architectural objects**



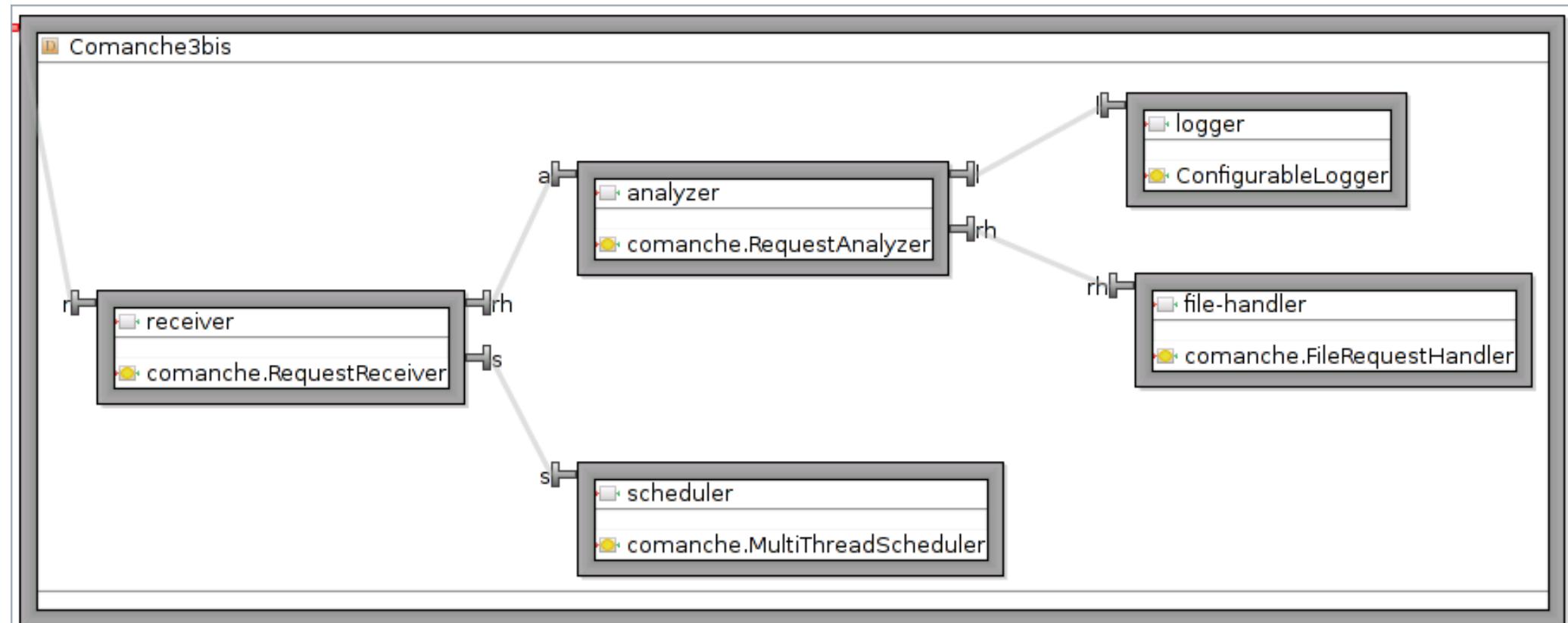
# But there is a kind of architecture

---

```
public class HTTPServer {  
    public static void main (String[] args) {  
        RequestReceiver rr = new RequestReceiver();  
        RequestAnalyzer ra = new RequestAnalyzer();  
        RequestDispatcher rd = new RequestDispatcher();  
        FileRequestHandler frh = new FileRequestHandler();  
        ErrorRequestHandler erh = new ErrorRequestHandler();  
        Scheduler s = new MultiThreadScheduler();  
        Logger l = new BasicLogger();  
        rr.analyzer= ra;  
        rr.scheduler = s;  
        ra.handleRequest = rd;  
        ra.logger = l;  
        rd.handler.add(frh);  
        rd.handler.add(erh);  
        rr.run();  
    }  
}
```

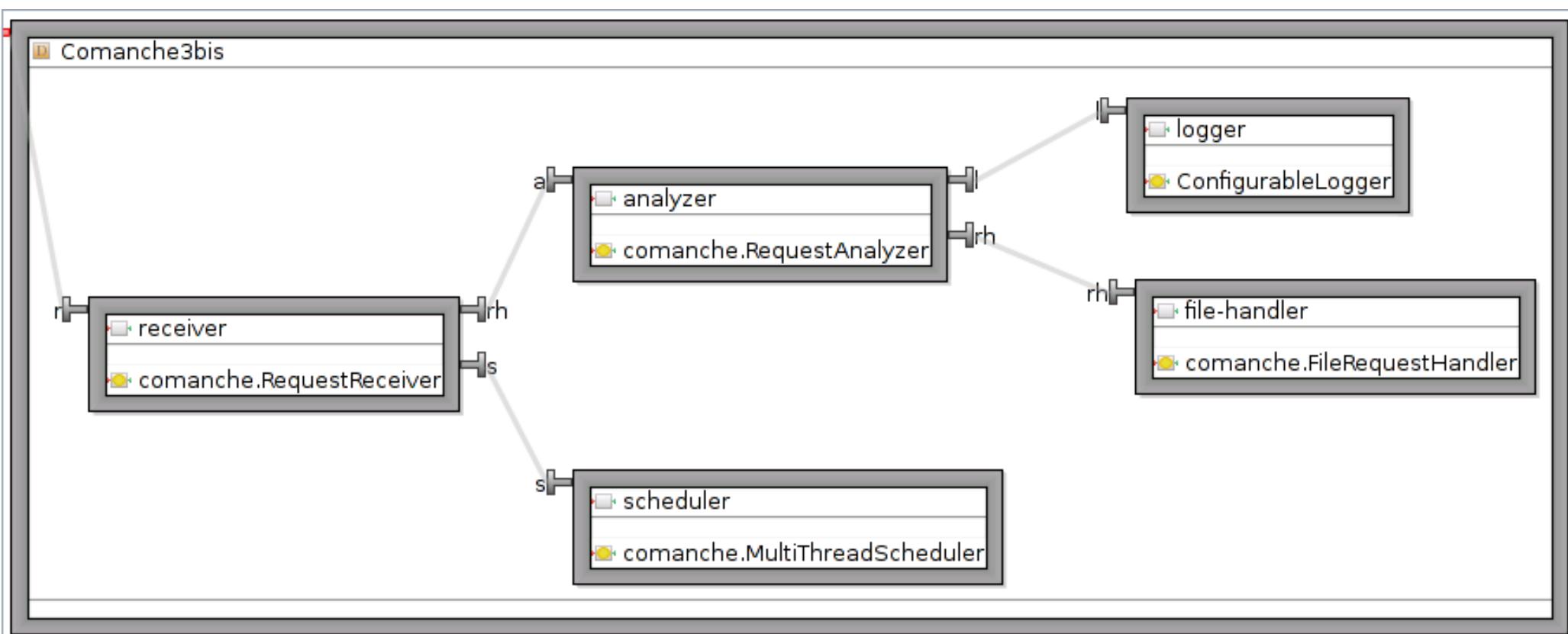
Assembling the application is error-prone  
Reconfiguring the application at your own risk.

*"A software architecture of a program or computing system is the structure or structures of the system, which comprise software components, the externally visible properties of those components, and the relationships among them."*  
[Software architecture in practice, Len Bass, Paul Clements, Rick Kazman, 1998]



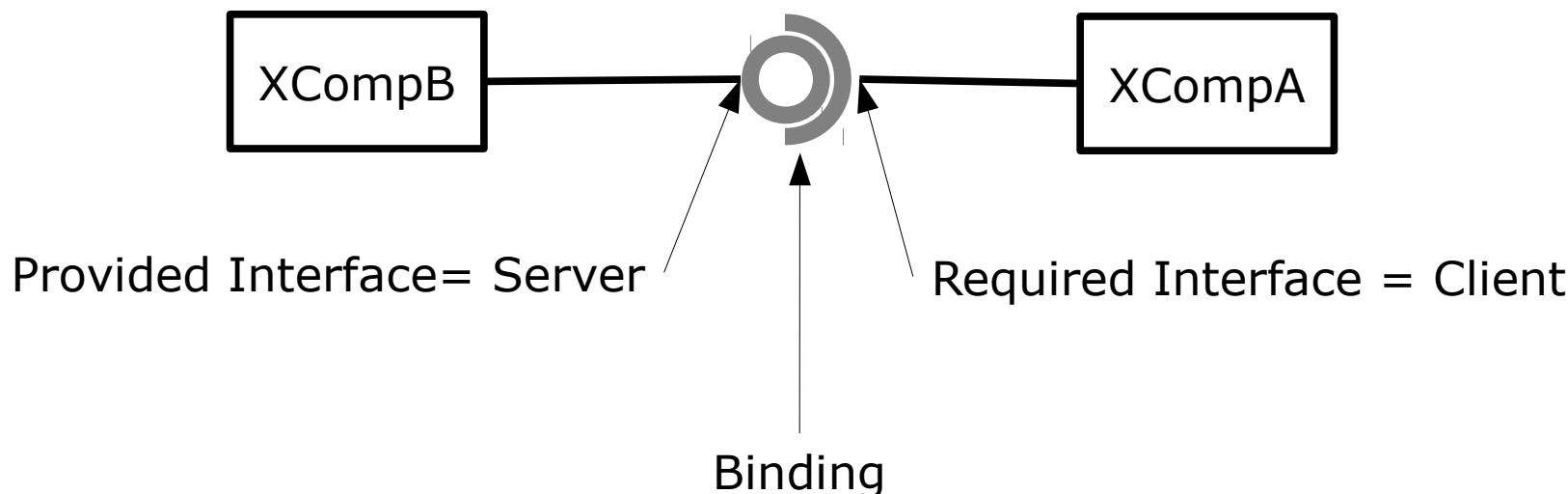
# Architecture Description Language

An **Architecture Description Language** is a notation in which architecture models can be expressed.



# The simplest Fractal assembly ("example.fractal")

```
<definition name="XApp">
  <component name="a" definition="XCompA">
    <interface name="Capability-client"
      role="client" signature="java.lang.Runnable"/>
    <content class="XCompA"/>
  </component>
  <component name="b">
    <interface name="Capability-server"
      role="server" signature="java.lang.Runnable"/>
    <content class="XCompB"/>
  </component>
  <binding client="a.Capability-client" server="b.Capability-server"/>
</definition>
```



# The simplest Fractal assembly

```
<definition name="XApp">
  <component name="a" definition="XCompA">
    <interface name="Capability-client"
      role="client" signature="java.lang.Runnable"/>
    <content class="XCompA"/>
  </component>
  <component name="b">
    <interface name="Capability-server"
      role="server" signature="java.lang.Runnable"/>
    <content class="XCompB"/>
  </component>
  <binding client="a.Capability-client" server="b.Capability-server"/>
</definition>
```

```
public class XCompA
  implements BindingController
{
  private Runnable field;
  ...
}
```

```
public class XCompB
  implements Runnable { }
```

# To bind components 4 methods to add, nothing to modify.

```
import org.objectweb.fractal.api.control.BindingController;
public class XCompA implements BindingController {
    private Runnable field;
    private Logger l;

    public String[] listFc () { return new String[] { "Capability-client" }; }

    public Object lookupFc (String itfName) {
        if (itfName.equals("Capability-client")) { return field; }
        throw new NoSuchInterfaceException(itfName);
    }

    public void bindFc (String itfName, Object itfValue) {
        if (itfName.equals("Capability-client")) { field = (Runnable)itfValue; }
        throw new NoSuchInterfaceException(itfName);
    }

    public void unbindFc (String itfName) {
        if (itfName.equals("Capability-client")) { field = null; }
        throw new NoSuchInterfaceException(itfName);
    }
}
```

- bindFc/unbindFC are generic getter and setters
- lookupFc and listFC are elements of reflection
- implementation very systematic and easy

# Runing a Fractal application

---

The command-line way:

```
$ java -cp ..... .Dfractal.provider=org.objectweb.fractal.julia.Julia  
org.objectweb.fractal.adl.Launcher.main -fractal example
```

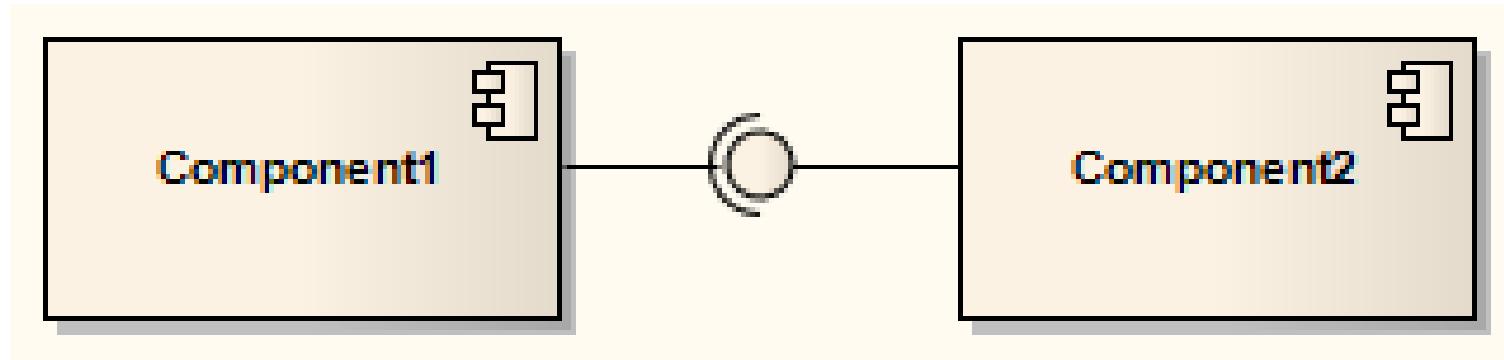
The programmatic way:

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {  
    // select the implementation of the component model  
    System.setProperty("fractal.provider", "org.objectweb.fractal.julia.Julia");  
    Factory f = FactoryFactory.getFactory(FactoryFactory.FRAC_TAL_BACKEND);  
    Component comp = (Component)f.newComponent("example", null);  
    Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).startFc();  
    ((Runnable)comp.getFcInterface("Runnable")).run();  
}
```

# Fractal Core Insights

```
class A implements I1 { I2 field; } class B implements I2
```

- I1 is a provided interface: we can plug an A into a field
- B is a required interface: field can not be null
- Same as hardware: male (implements)/female (field), interface



# The Fractal Component Model

---

A Fractal component defines:

- a set of interfaces
- a scope (not all components can be bound together, contrary to objects)
- an implementation class

A Fractal interface defines:

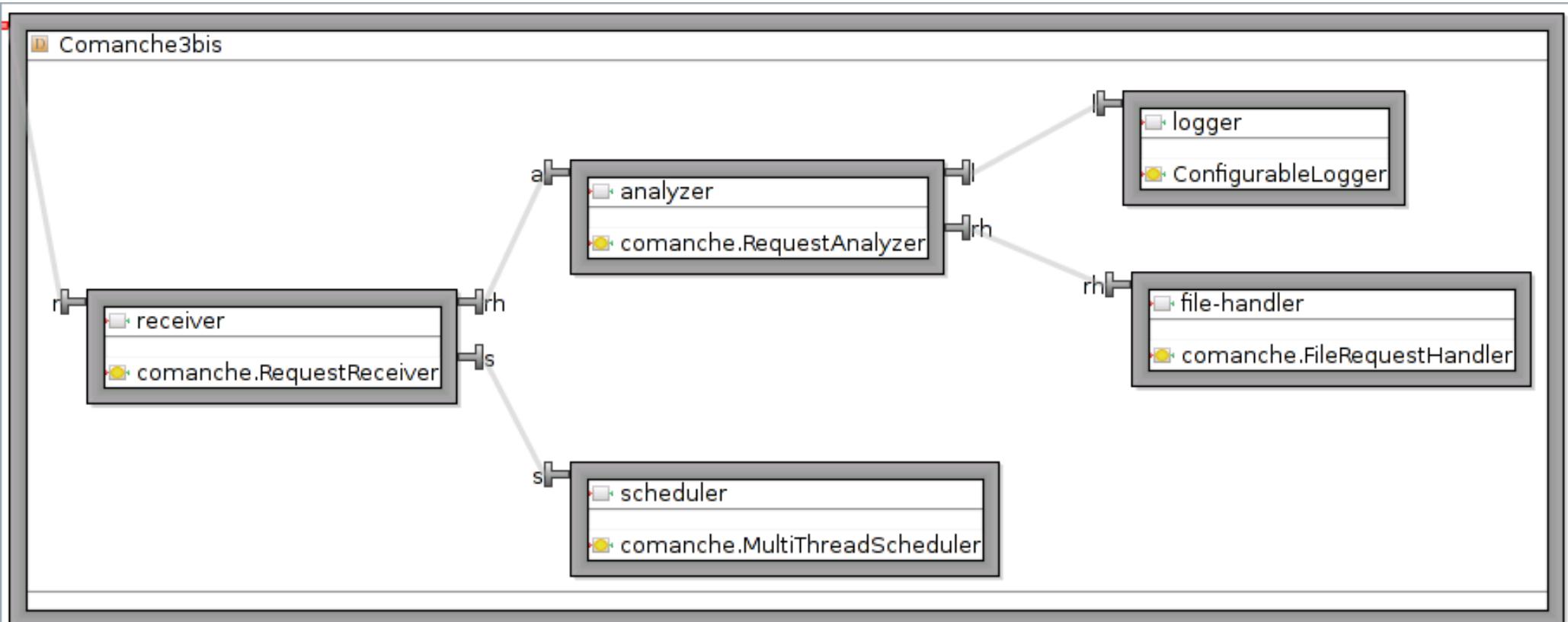
- a signature
- a role
  - provided interface ("role=server")
  - required interface ("role=client")
- a cardinality
  - singleton (default)
  - collection (cardinality="collection")
- a contingency
  - mandatory (default)
  - optional (contingency="optional")

The framework handles the semantics of the assembly

# Architecture Description Language

## Advantages:

- Declarative definition of component assemblies
- No compilation required
- Semantic checking of the properties of the assembly:
  - e.g. mandatory interfaces
  - e.g. scoping rules



# Element of semantics

```
<!-- abstract component definition -->
<definition name="DispatcherType">
    <interface name="h" role="client" signature="RequestHandler"
cardinality="collection" contingency="optional"/>
</definition>
```

```
<!-- concrete, instanciable component
-->
<definition name="Dispatcher1"
extends="DispatcherType">
    <content
class="comanche.Dispatcher1"/>
</definition>

public class Dispatcher1 { }
```

Incorrect: if the component type has a client interface (field to be set), the implementation class must implement BindingController (generic setter)

?

```
<definition name="Dispatcher2"
extends="DispatcherType">
    <content
class="comanche.Dispatcher2"/>
</definition>

public class Dispatcher2 implements
BindingController {
}
```

Correct

# Element of semantics

```
<definition name="DispatcherType">
  <interface name="rh" role="server" signature="Capability"/>
  <interface name="h" role="client" signature="RequestHandler"
cardinality="collection" contingency="optional"/>
</definition>
```

```
<definition name="Dispatcher1"
extends="DispatcherType">
  <content
class="comanche.Dispatcher1"/>
</definition>

public class Dispatcher1 implements
BindingController {
RequestHandler obj;
}
Incorrect: the implementation
class must implement all
"server" interfaces (Capability is
missing)
```

?

```
<definition name="Dispatcher2"
extends="DispatcherType">
  <content
class="comanche.Dispatcher2"/>
</definition>

public class Dispatcher2 implements
Capability, BindingController {
RequestHandler obj;
}
```

**Correct**

# Element of semantics

```
<definition name="ComponentA">
  <interface name="rh" role="server" signature="Capability"/>
  <content class="comanche.ComponentA"/>
</definition>
<definition name="ComponentB">
  <interface name="h" role="client" signature="Capability"
cardinality="collection" contingency="optional"/>
  <content class="comanche.ComponentB"/>
</definition>
```

```
<definition name="Application">
<component name="a"
definition="ComponentA"/>
<component name="b"
definition="ComponentB"/>
<binding client="a.rh"
server="b.h"/>
</definition>
```

Incorrect: A binding must complies with client/server specification (a.rh is server not client)



```
<definition name="Application">
<component name="a"
definition="ComponentA"/>
<component name="b"
definition="ComponentB"/>
<binding client="b.h"
server="a.rh"/>
</definition>
```

Correct

# Element of semantics

```
<definition name="ComponentA">
  <interface name="rh" role="server" signature="Capability"
contingency="optional"/>
  <content class="comanche.ComponentA"/>
</definition>
<definition name="ComponentB">
  <interface name="h" role="client" signature="Capability"
cardinality="collection" contingency="optional"/>
  <content class="comanche.ComponentB"/>
</definition>
```

```
<definition name="Application">
<component name="a"
definition="ComponentA"/>
<component name="b"
definition="ComponentB"/>
<binding client="b.h"
server="a.rh"/>
</definition>
```

Correct



```
<definition name="Application">
<component name="a"
definition="ComponentA"/>
<component name="b"
definition="ComponentB"/>
<binding client="b.h"
server="a.rh"/>
<binding client="b.h"
server="a.rh"/>
</definition>
```

Incorrect: 2 bindings on the  
same interface a.rh but  
ComponentA.rh is not a  
collection

# Element of semantics

```
<definition name="ComponentA">
  <interface name="rh" role="server" signature="Capability"/>
  <content class="comanche.ComponentA"/>
</definition>
<definition name="ComponentB">
  <interface name="h" role="client" signature="Capability"
cardinality="collection"/>
  <content class="comanche.ComponentB"/>
</definition>
```

```
<definition name="Application">
<component name="a"
definition="ComponentA"/>
<component name="b"
definition="ComponentB"/>
</definition>
```

Incorrect: Interface rh is not optional



```
<definition name="Application">
<component name="a"
definition="ComponentA"/>
<component name="b"
definition="ComponentB"/>
<binding client="b.h"
server="a.rh"/>
</definition>
```

Correct

# Element of semantics

```
<definition name="ApplicationType">
  <component name="composite">
    <component name="a">
      <interface name="rh" role="server" signature="Capability"
contingency="optional"/>
      <content class="comanche.ComponentA"/>
    </component>
  </component>
  <component name="b">
    <interface name="h" role="client" signature="Capability"
cardinality="collection" contingency="optional"/>
    <content class="comanche.ComponentB"/>
  </component>
</definition>
```

```
<definition name="Application"
extends="ApplicationType">
<binding client="b.h"
server="a.rh"/>
</definition>
```

Incorrect: Components are scoped. a and b are not in the same scope



```
<definition name="Application"
extends="ApplicationType">
  <component name="c" extends >
    <content
      class="comanche.ComponentB"/>
  </component>
</definition>
```

Correct

## Example of runtime errors ...

---

when Fractal/Julia checks the implementation of interfaces, e.g.:

The implementation class does not implement all the server interfaces of the component

when Fractal/Julia checks the correctness of the bindings, e.g.

Multiple bindings from the same interface

Mandatory client interface 'analyzer.rh is not bound

Trying to invoke a method on a client interface, or on a server interface whose complementary interface is not bound. (**no content class**)

# Fractal: so far

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- Designing the architecture:
  - Interfaces (it forces you to think in terms of interfaces )
  - Component types (set of required/provided interfaces)
  - Component assemblies (concrete classes + concrete bindings)
  - Work division
- Advantage: the architecture is explicit at compile time (files .fractal) and at runtime (complete introspection)
- And:
  - Fractal/Julia is LGPL and can be used in industrial settings
  - Fractal/Julia can be used on low memory devices (e.g. embedded systems).

# More complex binding controller

```
import org.objectweb.fractal.api.control.BindingController;
public class RequestAnalyzer implements RequestHandler, BindingController {
    private RequestHandler rh;
    private Logger l;

    public String[] listFc () { return new String[] { "l", "rh" }; }

    public Object lookupFc (String itfName) {
        if (itfName.equals("l")) { return l; }
        else if (itfName.equals("rh")) { return rh; }
        else return null;
    }

    public void bindFc (String itfName, Object itfValue) {
        if (itfName.equals("l")) { l = (Logger)itfValue; }
        else if (itfName.equals("rh")) { rh = (RequestHandler)itfValue; }
    }

    public void unbindFc (String itfName) {
        if (itfName.equals("l")) { l = null; }
        else if (itfName.equals("rh")) { rh = null; }
    }
}
```

# Controllers

---

Controller interfaces are at the same level as application interfaces

**Application interfaces:**

```
((Logger)comp.getFcInterface("logger")).log()
```

**Controller interfaces:**

```
controler = ((BindingController)comp.getFcInterface("binding-  
controller"))  
controler = Fractal.getBindingController(comp);  
controler = Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp);  
....
```

**Note that the same interface is:**

```
Logger logger =(Logger)comp.getFcInterface("logger");  
Interface itf =(Interface)comp.getFcInterface("logger"); // same  
object, mixin
```

# Introspection

Component Architecture at runtime:

```
public static void print(Component comp, int tabs) throws Exception {
    for (int i=1;i<=tabs;i++) System.out.print(" ");
    System.out.println(Fractal.getNameController((Component)comp).getFcName());

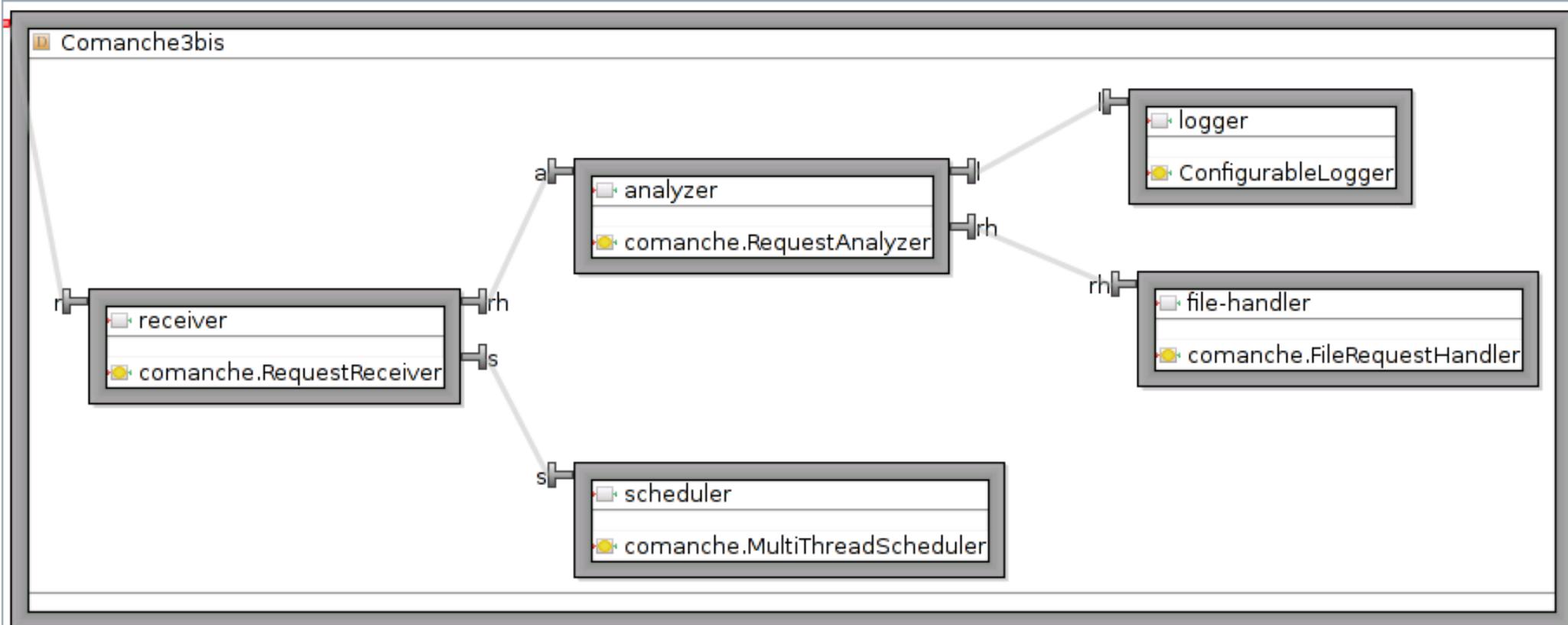
    for (Object o:comp.getFcInterfaces()) {
        for (int i=1;i<=tabs;i++) System.out.print(" ");
        System.out.print(" - implements ");
        System.out.println(((org.objectweb.fractal.api.Interface)o).getFcItfName);}

    try {
        for (Object o:Fractal.getContentController(comp).getFcSubComponents()) {
            print((Component)o,tabs+1);}
    } catch( NoSuchInterfaceException e){/* nothing to do */}
    }
}
```

Server:

- implements name-controller (org.objectweb.fractal.api.control.NameController)
- implements binding-controller (org.objectweb.fractal.api.control.BindingController)
- implements component (org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)
- implements content-controller (org.objectweb.fractal.api.control.ContentController)
- implements lifecycle-controller  
(org.objectweb.fractal.julia.control.lifecycle.LifeCycleCoordinator)
- implements super-controller  
(org.objectweb.fractal.julia.control.content.SuperControllerNotifier)

# Introspection + Intercession = Reflection



The architecture can be known at runtime.

The architecture can be built at runtime.

The architecture can be **reconfigured** at runtime (reflection).

# Reconfiguration

- Plain Java objects are not safe for reconfiguration
- The main strength of Fractal is reconfiguration
  - at runtime
  - depending on the application state
  - semantic (architecture constraints are always checked)
- Reconfiguration consists of:
  - Rebinding components
  - Creating components
  - Removing components

```
// what if other objects call  
methods on removed components?  
public class HTTPServer {  
    RequestReceiver rr;  
    RequestAnalyzer ra;  
    RequestDispatcher rd;  
    ErrorRequestHandler erh;  
  
public void reconfigure() {  
    rd.handler.remove(erh);  
    // scheduling cuts here!  
    rd.handler.add(new  
    CoolErrorHandler());  
}  
}
```

# Automated Management of Lifecycle

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    System.setProperty("fractal.provider", "org.objectweb.fractal.julia.Julia");
    final Factory f = FactoryFactory.getFactory(FactoryFactory.FRACTAL_BACKEND);
    final Component comp = (Component)f.newComponent("Comanche3bis", null);
    new Thread(new Runnable() {
        public void run () {try {
            Thread.sleep(10000);
            Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).startFc();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }}}).start();

    // The method run of the interface foo  is actually executed 10 sec. later,
    // when the component is started
    ((Runnable)comp.getFcInterface("Runnable")).run();
}
```

Starting and stopping components is essential to keep a correct state during reconfiguration.  
Fractal/Julia handles the list of waiting calls.

# A simple reconfiguration: changing the logger

```
// stopping the system
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).stopFc();

// searching for the analyzer
Component analyzer=null;
for (Object o:Fractal.getContentController(comp).getFcSubComponents()) {
    if
(Fractal.getNameController((org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o).getFcName().equals("an
alyzer"))
        analyzer= (org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o;
}

// creating the new component
Component newLogger = (Component)f.newComponent("StackTraceLogger", null);

// adding it to validate containment
Fractal.getContentController(comp).addFcSubComponent(newLogger);

// binding it
BindingController bc = Fractal.getBindingController(analyzer);
bc.unbindFc("l");
bc.bindFc("l", newLogger.getFcInterface("l"));

// restarting the component
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).startFc();
```

# Exercice #1: what if?

```
// stopping the system
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).stopFc();

// searching for the analyzer
Component analyzer=null;
for (Object o:Fractal.getContentController(comp).getFcSubComponents()) {
    if
(Fractal.getNameController((org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o).getFcName().equals("an
alyzer"))
        analyzer= (org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o;
}

// creating the new component
Component newLogger = (Component)f.newComponent("StackTraceLogger", null);

// adding it to validate containment
Fractal.getContentController(comp).addFcSubComponent(newLogger);

// binding it
BindingController bc = Fractal.getBindingController(analyzer);
bc.unbindFc("l");
bc.bindFc("l", newLogger.getFcInterface("l"));

// restarting the component
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).startFc();
```

## Exercice #2: what if?

```
// stopping the system
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).stopFc();

// searching for the analyzer
Component analyzer=null;
for (Object o:Fractal.getContentController(comp).getFcSubComponents()) {
    if
(Fractal.getNameController((org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o).getFcName().equals("an
alyzer"))
        analyzer= (org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o;
}

// creating the new component
Component newLogger = (Component)f.newComponent("StackTraceLogger", null);

// adding it to validate containment
Fractal.getContentController(comp).addFcSubComponent(newLogger);

// binding it
BindingController bc = Fractal.getBindingController(analyzer);
bc.unbindFc("l");
bc.bindFc("l", newLogger.getFcInterface("l"));

// restarting the component
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).startFc();
```

## Exercice #3: what if?

```
// stopping the system
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).stopFc();

// searching for the analyzer
Component analyzer=null;
for (Object o:Fractal.getContentController(comp).getFcSubComponents()) {
    if
(Fractal.getNameController((org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o).getFcName().equals("an
alyzer"))
        analyzer= (org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o;
}

// creating the new component
Component newLogger = (Component)f.newComponent("StackTraceLogger", null);

// adding it to validate containment
Fractal.getContentController(comp).addFcSubComponent(newLogger);

// binding it
BindingController bc = Fractal.getBindingController(analyzer);
bc.unbindFc("l");
bc.bindFc("l", newLogger.getFcInterface("l"));

// restarting the component
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).startFc();
```

## Exercice #4: what if?

```
// stopping the system
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).stopFc();

// searching for the analyzer
Component analyzer=null;
for (Object o:Fractal.getContentController(comp).getFcSubComponents()) {
    if
(Fractal.getNameController((org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o).getFcName().equals("an
alyzer"))
        analyzer= (org.objectweb.fractal.api.Component)o;
}

// creating the new component
Component newLogger = (Component)f.newComponent("StackTraceLogger", null);

// adding it to validate containment
Fractal.getContentController(comp).addFcSubComponent(newLogger);

// binding it
BindingController bc = Fractal.getBindingController(analyzer);
bc.unbindFc("l");
bc.bindFc("l", newLogger.getFcInterface("l"));

// restarting the component
Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).startFc();
```

# Correctness of reconfiguration

// Fractal.getLifeCycleController(comp).stopFc();

IllegalLifeCycleException: The component is not stopped (component = /Comanche3bis/analyzer)

// Fractal.getContentController(comp).addFcSubComponent(newLogger);

IllegalBindingException: Not a local binding (client interface = /Comanche3bis/analyzer.l, server interface = /StackTraceLogger.l)

IllegalContentException: Would create non local bindings (super component = /Comanche3bis, sub component = /Comanche3bis/logger)

// bc.unbindFc("I");

IllegalBindingException: Already bound (client interface = /Comanche3bis/analyzer.l)

//bc.bindFc("I", newLogger.getFcInterface("I"));

IllegalBindingException: Mandatory client interface unbound (client interface = /Comanche3bis/analyzer.l)

**Fractal/Julia ensures that the reconfiguration is correct.**

# Summary

---

- Fractal provides you with:
  - declarative software architecture
    - multiplicity, optional, polarity (client/server)
  - reflection on the components (introspection and intercession)
  - a safe lifecycle management infrastructure
- Fractal/Julia is LGPL and can be used in industrial settings
- Fractal/Julia can be used on low memory devices (e.g. embedded systems)